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**P I A N O F O R T E S**  
by  
**ERARD, BROADWOOD,  
COLLARD, HOPKINSON,  
CADEBY, CRAMER & Co.**  
in elegant walnut, rosewood, and oak cases, 7 octaves, with  
all the MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.  
**MAGNIFICENT GRAND PIANOS by  
ERARD and BROADWOOD.**  
PIANOFORTES from \$200 upwards. Superior in tone  
and quality to any other. Also, a variety of  
HARMONIUMS, by ALEXANDRE, &c. &c. &c.  
EVERY INSTRUMENT at REDUCED PRICES.  
All the NEW and POPULAR MUSIC  
at ONE-THIRD LESS than PUBLISHED PRICES.  
J. H. ANDERSON, 360, George-street,  
**D R E A D S T U P S**

**B** **ADELAIDE FLOUR**... Hart's superfine  
Hart's household  
Hart's second  
Magrey's and Daffield's.

**CALIFORNIAN** ..... National Mills, superfine,  
quarter-sacks  
National Mills, superfine,  
half-sacks  
Wheat, first-class samples  
Pearl barley,  
Flour  
Wheat.

**CHILIAN** ..... **BEILBY and SCOTT.**

**A** **DELAIDE FLOUR**, best "brands always on SAL  
BUTTER AND CO."

**C**ALIFORNIAN FLOUR always on SALE,  
BEILBY and SCOTT.

**C**ALIFORNIAN WHEAT always on SALE  
BEILBY and SCOTT.

**C**HILIAN FLOUR always on SALE by BEILBY  
and SCOTT.

**C**HILIAN WHEAT always on SALE by BEILBY  
and SCOTT.

**T**URKEY OPIUM, best quality, in bond, for SALE  
by BEILBY and SCOTT.

**A**DELAIDE, Californian, and CHITIAN WHEAT,  
SALE, by GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO.

**C**ALIFORNIAN FLOUR—Golden Gate and National Mills.  
GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO.

**F**LOUR.—Magary's superfine and flax, on SAL.  
J. F. HENRIQUES and CO.

**L**UCERNE SKED.—Prime new, now landing,  
H. H. BEAUCHAMP, 14, Barrack-st.

**F**LOUR.—French barrel, extra superfine, for SAL.  
H. H. BEAUCHAMP, 14, Barrack-st.

**F**LOUR.—Adelaide, Hart's, Bowman's, Ferguson's  
H. H. BEAUCHAMP.

**F**LOUR.—Californian, Golden Gate, and National Mills.  
H. H. BEAUCHAMP.

**F**LOUR.—Adelaide seconds and house-hold, for SAL.

**F**LOUR.—New Chilean, now landing ex Orinda, direct from Valparaiso, at  
H. H. BEAUCHAMP.

**W**HEAT.—Prime ADELAIDE, for SALE, at  
H. H. BEAUCHAMP, 14 Barrack-street.

**M**INTZ'S Yellow Metal, Sheets, Nails, Spikes, &c., &c., at  
H. H. BEAUCHAMP, 14 Barrack-street.

**S**TOCKHOLM TAR, Bright Varnish, Sheathing, &c., &c., at  
Guthum, Ash Oars. H. H. BEAUCHAMP.

**W**INDOW GLASS, White Lead, Zinc Paint, R. Lead, Soft Soap, &c., &c., at  
H. H. BEAUCHAMP.

**A**DELAIDE GOOLWA FLOUR, on SALE, at E. Bateon. BARKER and CO., York-street.

**C**ALIFORNIAN FLOUR, the best brands ex-  
arrivals. JOHN E. MANNING, Custom House  
buildings.

**C**ORN-SHELLERS—extra large hoppers. M. MOSE  
and CO., Wynyard-lane.

**J**AMES PEMELL has for SALE, silk-dressed FLOUR,  
from superior wheat; good Second  
Maize, Flour, Bran, &c. Flour Mills, Parramatta-street,  
Sydney.

**M**AIZE FLOUR, clean, sweet, and fresh ground  
PEMELL'S FLOUR, Parramatta-street, Sydney.

**F**INE FLOUR, 16s; seconds, 13s; maize flour, 10s.  
PEMELL'S FLOUR, Parramatta-street, Sydney.

**S**UPPLEMENTARY SUPPLIES. Address, Sydney.

**S**UPPERIOR Single-Graded, Absolute FLOUR,  
SALE. JOHN CAMPBELL, Commercial Warehouse.

**B**RAN, fresh and sweet, only 57 1/2 lbs. per ton. JOHN  
CAMPBELL, Commercial Warehouse.

**W**HITHEAD'S ESSENCE OF BEEF. GIL  
FILLAN and CO., Agents, Macquarie place.

**B**ASS'S ALE, bottled by Byass, and Byass's Stout, m-  
lending. MONTEPIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

**B**ILLIARD TABLE, with balls and cues complete  
manufactured by Hopkins and Stevens, in splendid  
condition; just landed ex Joshua. Messrs. BRADLE  
and NEWTON, Auctioneers, 239, George-street.

**F**OR SALE, Turning LATHE, 8 1/2 inch beam  
Back motion, face plate, chucks, &c., with universal

**B**ILLET WOOD, on SALE by the truck.  
GRAHAM, auctioneer, Sydney Railway Station.

**F**IRE BRICKS, Oven Tiles, Fire Tiles, &c. BRA-  
FORD and CO., Balmain; Dipot, 677, George-st.

**A**LBIION WHARF TIMBER YARD.—Hardwood  
all sizes, foreign and colonial pine boards.  
Decrs., asches, shingles, sawn and split laths, posts, rail  
and palings, supplied at the lowest possible prices.  
FREDERIC MILLER, Albiion Wharf.

**T**RONKBAR Palings, full gauge, from 4 to 7 feet.  
S. HARWOOD, Harris-street, and Ultimo Cottages.

100-000 FREK Green Flooring Deals.

**100,000** flooring, cheap  
6,000 doors, sashes, casements, mantelpieces, &c.  
20,000 feet mouldings, architraves, skirting, &c.  
50,000 feet Baltic deal, assorted sizes  
Galvanized corrugated iron, 3, 6, 7, 8, and 9 feet  
Galvanized iron edging, gutters, covers, &c.  
Earthenware, drain pipes, bands, junctions, &c.  
Chimney pots, garden and drain tiles, closet pans, &c.  
Wire nails, assorted sizes, 1 to 5 inches  
Carpenters' work made to order on short notice.

**GOODLET and SMITH, Saw and Moulding Mills**  
463, George-street, near Bathurst-street; Victoria St.  
Mills, Enkin-street; 7, Waterloo-street, near Ball's  
Quay; Pottery, near the Mill; and Riley-street, Barry Hills.

**50,000** FEET 1000 PINE, 1 used to 8 inch, 1000  
leading ex Columbia. W. H. ROEHLER

**400,000** FEET Baltic Flooring, Oregon, at  
clear Pine. ROEHLER, Circular Quay

**500,000** FEET Colonial Hardwood, Cedars  
Shingles. ROEHLER, Circular Quay

**1000** PAIRS 10 x 8 SASHES, 2000 pairs; 7  
pairs 10 x 12, 11s per pair; 2000 doors, 6-6  
2-6, 14s each; 50,000 superior 8-foot palings, 11s per 1000  
TAYLOR'S Wharf.

**100,000** BRICKS on SALE, at S. PRITCHARD  
ARD'S, St. Peter's, Cook's River.

**F**OR SALE, good BUGGIES, with or without horse  
Also Cough and Broughams, cheap. LILL

**ELIZABETH-STREET COACH FACTORY.**  
**B**UGGIES of all kinds, Waggon, Phaetons, 2 seater, hand Dogcarts. T. MOORE, 303, South Head Road.  
**H**ORSES and BUGGIES for Sale or Hire, GIBSON'S Repository, opp. School of Arts, Pitt-street.  
**N**EW CART HARNESSES, only £2 6s set, usual price £3 10s. GIBSON'S Repository, 282, Pitt-street.  
**N**EW SPRING-CART and Harness, £13 the lot; no drey and harness, £9. GIBSON'S, Pitt-street.  
**S**OUND Double-seated Abbot's BUGGY, in good order, £28. GIBSON'S, opposite School of Arts.  
**£40.**—A FIRST-CLASS Phaeton HORSE, subject to any trial. GIBSON'S Repository, 282, Pitt-street.

**£25** For a Light AMERICAN WAGGON, new, with  
GIBSON'S Repository, opp. School of Arts.

**NEWPORT** Parnell Cert. new, equal to any dogcart  
£20. GIBSON'S Repository, opposite School of Arts.

**PONY** FOR SALE, 15 hands high, handsome, ex-  
ceedingly gentle, suitable for boy or child. BUCHANAN  
THOMSON, The Stables, High-street.

**ALBEMARLE LAYARD** has about 30 Hotels and  
Public-houses in town and country to dispose of  
private houses, allotments of land, and various other  
properties. Mr. L. thinks that it is unnecessary to detail prop-  
erties. He has, however, on all particulars can be had at his  
office. **ALBEMARLE LAYARD, Jamison-street.**  
N.B.—Office hours 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. sharp.

**TWO BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS.**—To be disposed of the LEASE and Goodwill of an old established business, with a first-class connection, in the very best part of George-street, replete with every requisite. For particulars apply to J. K. SOADY and CO., 106, George-street.















# WONGA WONGA

AT ADELAIDE,  
WITH THE  
ENGLISH MAIL  
PER ELLORA.  
NEWS TO JULY 11.

## GREAT BATTLES BETWEEN THE AUSTRILIANS, PRUSSIAN, AND THE ITALIANS.

## PRUSSIA ENTERS SCHLESWIG HOLSTEIN, HANOVER, SAXONY, HESSE CASSEL, AND SILEZIA.

## CESSION OF VENETIA TO FRANCE.

## REPORTED EVACUATION OF VENETIA BY THE AUSTRILIANS.

## DEFEAT OF THE REFORM BILL.

## RESIGNATION OF THE RUSSELL MINISTRY.

## SUBSIDENCE OF THE MONETARY PANIC IN ENGLAND.

[A portion of the following telegraphic news was published in a second edition of the Herald, issued on Saturday at 11 a.m.]

ADELAIDE, SATURDAY, 6 p.m.  
The Wonga Wonga (s.), Captain Trouton, arrived at Glenelg Pier at 3 p.m. with the South Australian portion of the English mail. She made the passage from the Sound in 89 hours, the upward passage having occupied 116 hours.

The Ellora, Captain Skottowe, arrived at the Sound at 2.15 p.m. on the 7th instant; she left Galle at 6 p.m. on the 23rd July; Captain Purvis, R.N., Naval Agent; Mr. Thomas Beits, purser. The Ellora experienced strong head winds throughout the passage.

PASSENGERS.  
FOR SYDNEY.—Mr. Beit and servant, Captain Blake, R.N., Commander Wilkinson and Mrs. Wilkinson and child, R. Blackmore, Miss Pearson, Mrs. Morgan, Messrs. Nightingale, Stokes, McIntyre, Strettle, Forth, and Major Murray.

FOR MELBOURNE.—His Excellency Sir John Henry Manners Sutton, Lady Manners Sutton, Miss Sutton, Mr. H. M. Sutton, and 2 European servants, Messrs. Purvis, Smalders, Bebra, and child, Mr. and Mrs. Williams and child, Mr. Charles Irwin, Mr. Joseph.

FOR ADELAIDE.—Captain W. Osborne, and Mr. Leary.

The Ellora was to leave the Sound for Melbourne at daylight of 8th instant.

## GENERAL SUMMARY.

LONDON, 26TH JUNE.  
The Australian April mails arrived in London on the 12th and 16th June.

Her Majesty and the Royal Family enjoy good health.

The defeat of the Ministry was owing to Lord Dunkellin, member for Galway, who moved that in regard to the borough franchise the rating, and not the rental, should be the basis of the Reform Bill. The effect of this motion was to circumscribe the extension mediated by the Government. Short was the conflict, but fierce and fatal. The division took place on the 18th June, resulting in a majority against the Government of 11. Then Mr. Gladstone rose, and, with great dignity, announced the intention of a Ministerial resignation, and asked for an adjournment for a week on purpose to communicate with the Queen, who was then at Balmoral. Messengers were immediately dispatched to her Majesty at this crisis, and she at once returned to Windsor, but declined for a time to accept the resignation of the Ministry, besides giving expression to a desire for a dissolution, which met public approbation.

The result of the panic is still partially felt, as business is checked and money is difficult to obtain.

The failure of the Agra and Masterman's Bank was caused principally by the operations of telegrams which caused a panic far away.

A Mrs. Ryves, who alleges she is grandchild of George III., brought an action in the Divorce Court, to establish the legality of her parentage; had the Court given a decision favourable to her she would have been the rightful heir to the throne. Extraordinary documents were produced, favouring the appellant's claims, but were all impounded by the Court.

The result of the Jamaica inquiry is the removal of Governor Eyre and the appointment of Sir John Peter Grant in his place. Public opinion urges that Governor Eyre should be prosecuted for the murder of Mr. Gordon.

Governor Sutton, of Victoria, is to be created a K.C.B.

The Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, and also Lord Dunraven, are to be raised to the peerage, and the same honour is to be conferred on Sir Hugh Rose, for his eminent services in India.

Archbishop Polding, of Sydney, is to be made a Cardinal.

Gavan Duffy read a long paper at the Society of Arts on popular errors concerning Australia, before a large and influential meeting.

The London Press sent war correspondents to report on the continental campaign. Mr. Russell and Captain Hooper for the Times, Messrs. G. Meredith, Dice, Sala, Sutherland, and Dr. Mackay for other journals.

It is reported that Earl Cowley solicited the energetic mediation of Napoleon in favour of peace. The Emperor replied, "In 1859 and 1864 England refused my proposals to settle the Venetian and Schleswig-Holstein questions, and now England wants peace. I also desire peace, but as the most favourable opportunities have been frittered away, and conflicting interests allowed now to clash, I cannot assume the responsibility of events."

The Chilean Ministers in England, France, and America have been recalled without any assigned reason.

Captain Maury, of the United States Navy, has received a testimonial from London of 3000 guineas.

The military authorities of Ireland are still prosecuting soldiers for Fenianism.

H. M. S. Challenger is en route for Australia.

Feemen in England are on strike for large increase of wages.

The Volunteers' International match between England and Scotland was won by the former.

Arrangements are completed for a champion fight between Mace and Goss.

OBITUARY.  
Maddowall Stuart, the Australian explorer; Earl Bathurst, Lord Vernon, Sir John Stewart Forbes, Hon. D. Baring, Sir E. D. Burrows, Sir Thomas Gage, Earl Gainsborough, Earl Rosslyn, Sir W. Farquhar, Sir B. Graham, Lady Cus, and Colonel Scendell.

## AMERICA.

NEW YORK, June 16th.  
The House of Representatives on the 23rd concurred with the Senate's amendments to the resolutions for reconstruction. It has now passed both Houses, but requires ratification by the State legislatures.

General Santa Anna has issued a Proclamation in New York, offering his services to the Republican Corps of Mexico.

The President vetoed the bill granting important privileges to Montana and Minnesota.

The departure of Austrian troops for Mexico is suspended. Money abundant.

Gold, 158½. Exchange—London, 174. Cotton, firm. Wheat market advancing.

## CANADA.

Colonel O'Neill, with a Fenian force, crossed the Niagara, near Buffalo, for the purpose of invading Canada, and expecting to receive reinforcements there. The United States and Canadian authorities met the movement with promptitude. The former sent General Grant, with an American army, to the frontier; while the latter confronted the invaders; and on the 2nd of June the Fenians were completely routed. The action of the American Government in the matter is considered most important.

President Johnson issued a proclamation immediately afterwards against the Fenian movement, and empowering General Meade to use Federal land and naval forces to prevent future raids.

The head-centre Roberts and General Sweeney, who organised the movement, have been arrested by the American Government, who intend prosecuting them for a breach of neutrality.

France.

Napoleon has stated that he endeavoured, with England and Russia, to prevent a Continental war, and had the Conference assembled France would have repudiated all ideas of territorial aggrandisement so long as the European equilibrium remained undisturbed. An angry debate has taken place in the Legislative Corps on the foreign policy of France, and general feeling is expressed for peace.

## THE WAR IN GERMANY.

The Conference is given up, owing to the obstinacy of the conflicting Powers.

Count Bismarck opened the campaign on the anniversary of Waterloo day, and immediately seized on Saxony, Hanover, and Hesse. Italy then declared war, and Victor Emmanuel, with his two sons and Generals Garibaldi and Lamarmora and Cialdini immediately went to the front and took the field. The Austrian Emperor professed that war was not sought by him. Should Prussia be successful, a great Protestant power in North Germany will be consolidated, absorbing half a dozen States.

Great battles took place between the Austrians and Italians on June 24th, lasting all day with tremendous slaughter. The Austrians were victorious. Next day another bloody struggle took place, and finally Cuzco-ga (?) was taken by the Austrians. While these battles were raging in Venetia, the campaign was opened in Germany by the Prussians making a descent on Altona, which was meagrely garrisoned by Austrian troops, who vacated it. The next step was an advance on the Hanoverian army by the Prussians. The King of Hanover, who commanded in person, retired and sent all his specie to England.

The Federal Diet sympathises with Austria. The latter Power has invaded Germany through Bavaria.

During the above struggles England remains perfectly neutral.

## ITALY.

The Italian Chamber of Deputies, on June 18th, annulled the re-election of Mazzini by a large majority. A bill for the suppression of religious bodies (houses?) was also adopted.

The Parliament closed June 3rd.

The Russian Prince Gortchakoff has sent a circular to the Russian representatives abroad, stating that upon the slightest violation of the treaty by France, Russia will abandon her present neutral attitude.

## SPAIN.

The military revolts have been quelled after great slaughter. The rebels have had twenty-six guns, and furnished guns for the populace, who threw up barricades. 600 prisoners were taken, the rest fled to France, and tranquility again reigns.

## INDIA.

The financial accounts are most disheartening. If rain does not fall more plentifully, all Bengal will be involved in famine. The starving and distressed are now crowding into Calcutta.

At Marsalore a ferry boat sunk with a loss of nearly 200 passengers.

The shareholders of the Bombay City Bank, and the Imperial Banking and Trading Company wound up voluntarily.

The loss of the Royal Bank of India's capital to June 3rd, is £350,000.

The operations of the banks are to be continued.

A dreadful panic was caused in Calcutta by the suspension of the Agra and Masterman's Bank. Business was almost at a standstill.

Government has voted an additional lac of rupees for the relief of the starving.

The ship Diamond, with 450 native passengers, was wrecked at Bombay; nearly all saved.

The Arabs are again troublesome about Aden, and repressive measures have to be taken.

MANILA.—Freights to London, £37s. 6d.; exchange three months, 4s. 4d.

SHANGHAI.—Freights to London, £4; exchange, 6s.

HONGKONG.—Freights, tea, £3 10s.; exchange, 4s. 6d.

SINGAPORE.—Freights, dead weight, £2; light, £2 10s.; exchange, 4s. 5d.

BOMBAY.—Freights for cotton and wool, nominal, 3s. to 7s. 6d.; exchange bank bills, 2½.

CALCUTTA.—Freights: Saltpetre, 17s. 6d.; cotton, £1 17s. 6d.; hides and seeds, £2 2s.

## CHINA.

Three native houses have fallen in Foo Choo.

A heavy typhoon was experienced between Hongkong and Shanghai, injuring many vessels.

The Chinese rebellion still continues with varied success.

## JAPAN.

Japanese exclusiveness is giving way under English influence.

## MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Consols, for money, 86½ to 87; account, 86½ to 87.

Bank rate of discount 10 per cent. Various opinions are expressed with regard to the Bank Directors not reducing the rate of discount, but a general belief prevails that they have been guided by a sincere desire to uphold the substantial interests of the country. It is expected that in a short time public confidence will be restored and money will be easier.

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.—New South Wales and Victoria (1866) Fifteen, no quotations; ditto ditto, 1871 to 1876, 92 to 94; Victorian Six per Cent., April and October, 102 to 104; New Zealand ditto, 94 to 96; Queensland ditto, June to July, 96 to 98; South Australia ditto, 1878 and upwards, no quotations.

The total liabilities of the Agra and Masterman's Bank are stated at £7,906,892, and the assets at £9,058,497.

The Board of Trade returns for the month present a favourable result.

Foreign Exchanges are unsettled, owing to continental affairs, especially with Holland and Austria.

The public feeling in England on monetary matters is improving.

The following is a recapitulation of the principal failures that have occurred since 10th May:—Overend, Gurney and Co.; Peto and Betts; W. Spry; English Joint Stock Bank; Consolidated Discount Co.; Imperial Mercantile Credit Association; Commercial Banking Co. of India and the East; Terme Brothers; Paulett and Omanley; Golladay, Hankey, and Sewell, (shipbrokers); European Bank, New Zealand Banking Com-

pany, Lucie, & Co.; Robinson, Coryton, and Co.; Kingston, Sutherland, and Co.; S. P. Frankel and Co.; Holdeins and Chiltern, Doult, English and Bandton, and Duff, Cadell, and Co.; the Consolidated Bank; McKilloch, John, and Co.; H. Cox and Co., H. J. Enthoven and Son, Agra and Masterman's Bank, James Baines and Co., P. M. Mackay and Co., St. Columbo and Falmouth Bank, Universal Banking Company, W. L. Ramsey and Co.; Price, Marryat, and Co., King William-street.

## LONDON WOOL REPORT.

The sales closed on June 23rd. Total sales catalogued, 157,602. Failures and the tightness of the money market caused a decline of from 1½d. to 2½d. on all descriptions; but best Port Phillip wools ruled 2d. to 4d. lower, owing to the low prices of Silesian (?) fleeces. Good middling Sydney is reduced in price; and had it not been for the operation of French buyers, who ruled the market, wool would have fallen considerably from the opening prices, as English buyers anticipated a great decline, and operated cautiously. No further decline is expected at the August sales.

## PRODUCE MARKET.

HIDES.—Australian, only half offered, and sold at earlier prices.

LEATHER.—Demand limited, and prices reduced.

HORNS.—Australian in demand, and ½s. to 2s. dearer.

SKINS.—Kangaroo met ready sales at fair prices.

BONES in good demand.

BARK.—A large quantity of Mimosa sold at lower prices.

WHALEBONE sold, per Verulam, for £19, damaged; £342.

SPIRITS.—Good business doing in rum; Jamaica, 2s. 9d. to 3s. 6d.; British corn spirits, 4d. per gallon.

WINES.—Not in request.

TALLOW.—Large speculative sales have been made at an advance of 3s. to 4s. on last month's prices; Australian sales, 4s. higher for fine, and higher prices expected should Russia take part in the war; P. Y. C. on the spot, 46s.

OILS.—Lined oil advanced last price, on spot, 36s. 6d.; sperm, £122; best double compound, £48; cod, £46; and pale seal, £42 per ton.

SUGAR.—Prices not improved, common and middle kinds 3s. lower; stock 1200 tons more than last year; arrivals are coming in freely.

COFFEE.—Ceylon has declined 3s. to 4s.; and Plantation 7s.; Jamaica is lower owing to the Continental war.

METALS.—Spelter, firm, at £15 advance; copper not in demand. The iron market is firmer. Quicksilver steady at £2 per bottle.

RICE.—Prices 3d. to 6d. higher owing to the advance in corn market.

CORN.—Wheat of all kinds 6s. to 7s. per quarter higher; barley and oats have also advanced.

## EXPORTS.

Exports to Sydney and Queensland for the month ending June 12th:—Beer, bulk, 2101 barrels; ditto, glass, 262 barrels; apparel £49,495; sacks woolpack, 16,500 number; barley and malt, 2400 bushels; candles, 1019 cwt.; gunpowder, 41,800 lbs.; hardware, £16,439; haberdashery, £2642; wrought leather, £7206; hops, nil; bar and wrought iron, 158 tons; hoop iron, 66 tons; galvanized iron, 129 tons; wire, 106 tons; oilmen's stores, £8710; oils, 6548 gallons; bacon and hams, 275 cwt.; beef and pork, 15 cwt.; quicksilver, 20 bottles; brandy, 22,765 gallons; Geneva, 513 gallons; rum, 18,894 gallons; British rum, 98 gallons; wine, red, 10,107 gallons; ditto, white, 6329 gallons; tobacco and cigars, 19,291 lbs.

The principal exports to Victoria for the month ending June 12th:—Beer, bulk, barrels, £1862; glass, £3798; apparel, £47,805; sacks and woolpacks, £462; barley and malt, 33,146 bushels; candles, 3872 cwt.; gunpowder, 311,000 lbs.; hardware, £29,734; haberdashery, £513,831; hosiery, £17,853; hops, 30,102 lbs.; bar and rod iron, 479 tons; hoop, 146 tons; pig, 130 tons; galvanized iron, 317 tons; wire, 375 tons; zinc, 28 tons; oilmen's stores, £24,054; oils, 36,823 gallons; butter, 425 firkins; bacon and hams, 1655 cwt.; beef and pork, 120 casks; quicksilver, 51 bottles; tobacco and cigars, 402,670 lbs.; wines—red, 36,398 gallons; white, 33,302 gallons; brandy, 42,990 gallons; Geneva, 14,225 gallons; rum, 565 gallons; British spirits, 16,259 gallons.

The exports to Adelaide and New Zealand for the month, shew a marked increase.

## SHIPPING.

### ARRIVALS.

Commodore Perry, Wild Duck, Courier, Percy, Chili, Golden Sea, Water Nymph, Allacavetta, Philosopher, Verulam, Nil Desperandum, Sunbeam, Dimorpan, Swiftswe, Walter Hood, Glenmark, Sussex, Red Jacket, Nourmahal, Strathallan, Fugitive, Orwell, Electric, Red Rover, Mermaid, Strathnaver, Adelaide Baker.

DEPARTURES.

FOR MELBOURNE.—Lanarkshire, Mariposa, General Lee, Sarah Grace, Despatch, Amia, Mediator, Lightning, Star of Peace, Suffolk, and Resolute.

FOR SYDNEY.—Nineveh, Liberator, Delaware, Fleethers Toftombs, and Racheb.

FOR ADELAIDE.—Hougoumont, Caracul, and Thames.

FOR QUEENSLAND.—William Young, Australian, and Alfred Hawley.

FOR NEW ZEALAND.—Mayor, Sir R. Abercrombie, Resolute, Alexandra, Live Oak, Royal Bride, Queen Bee, and Auckland.

FOR TASMANIA.—Westbury, and Ranger.

The Parramatta, for the Sydney trade, was successfully launched by Captain Williams.

The ship Baden, Captain Stephen, was to leave King George's Sound for Melbourne in ten days.

REIGNITION OF THE MINISTRY ACCEPTED BY THE QUEEN.

Lord Derby has been summoned to Windsor JUNE 28TH.

Lord Derby has not yet formed a new Ministry.

A second battle has been fought in Bohemia, and the Prussians defeated, with great loss. An armistice refused by the Austrians.

Discount remains at 10 per cent.

JUNE 29TH.

Another battle in Bohemia. The Prussians victorious.

The Hanoverian army surrendered to Prussia.

The Italians abandoned their position on the Po, to concentrate their army.

JULY 2ND.

The Austrians were defeated in Bohemia.

The Great Eastern, with the Atlantic cable, sailed on the 3rd July.

A new Ministry has been formed—Lord Derby, Premier; Mr. Disraeli, Chancellor of the Exchequer; Lord Stanley, Foreign Secretary; Mr. Walpole, Home Secretary; Earl of Carnarvon, Colonial Secretary; Sir Robert Peel, Secretary of War; Sir John Pakington, Admiralty; Lord Cranbourne, India; Mr. Northcote, President of the Board of Trade; Lord Chelmsford (Theisger), Chancellor; Sir Hugh Mac Calmont Cairns, Attorney-General; Mr. Bovill, Solicitor-General; and Lord John Manners, Secretary for Ireland.

A great Reform meeting was held in Trafalgar-square.

The Consolidated Bank is re-opened.

The Bank rate is still 10 per cent; the directors' policy is warmly canvassed.

The Great Victoria has arrived.

Consols 86½.

The Oriental Mercantile Bank of Hindostan announces that after December their branches will not buy or sell bills exceeding four months.

JULY 4TH.

It is reported that a great battle was fought, and the Prussians were victorious. The Austrians lost 40,000 men, and were in full retreat.

JULY 5TH.

The Austrians had ceded Venetia to France, and accepted the mediation of Napoleon to conclude peace. The French Emperor at once sent communications to Italy and Prussia for an armistice.

The Princess Helena was married to-day.

Napoleon's propositions for an armistice remain unanswered.

The cession of Venetia to France has caused great discontent in Italy.

The Garibaldians were defeated in an attack on the Austrians, and Garibaldi was wounded.

JULY 9TH.

The Prussian Government rejected the proposals of Austria for an armistice.

The Italians have resumed operations, and the Prussians continue advancing in Bohemia.

Cialdini has crossed the Po, and the Austrians are retreating.

JULY 10TH.

The Bank rate is unaltered, but commercial confidence is slowly improving.

JULY 11TH.

It is reported that the Austrians have commenced the evacuation of Venetia after several repulses by the Italian troops.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MR. PITT.—At Mr. J. Fullagar's, at 11 o'clock, Fat Cattle and Sheep.

MR. A. MOORE AND CO.—At the Labour Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Horse, Cart, Harness, Household Furniture, Carpets, Bedding, &c.

MR. RISHWORTH.—At 109, George-street South, at 11 o'clock, Shop Fittings, Picture, Glass Cases, Engravings, Piano-forte, &c.

MR. DEAN.—On the Green, at half-past 2 o'clock, Robert Town Shingles, Palings, and Buves.

MR. RICHARDSON AND WRENCH.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Land, with Foundations of House, in Crown-street; Villa sites in Donkey Bay; Homestead and Garden, at North Shore; House and Grounds, at Burwood; Stores and Public-house, at Mimani.

MR. YALLOP.—On the Premises, Church and Palmer street, at 11 o'clock, Fat Cattle, Horses and Land.

MR. THOMSON.—At the Victoria Yard, at 11 o'clock, Fat Cattle, Fat Cattle, and Sheep.

MR. J. GRAHAM.—At Line-street Wharf, at 12 o'clock, Beef, Pork, Mutton, and Lamb.

MR. COHEN.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Three-barrel Bage, Pickle, Vinegar, and other Goods, on Circular Wharf, at half-past 3 o'clock, Old Fencing Wire.

MR. MOLLOY AND REVELL.—On the Premises, East-street, at 12 o'clock, House and Land.

MR. COCKBURN.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Groceries, Furniture, Croquet, Glass, Pictures, Ornaments, Kitchen Furniture, &c.

MR. WOOLLE.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Spring-carts, &c.

MR. VAUGHAN.—On the Premises, Crown-street, at 1 o'clock, Household Furniture, Kitchen Utensils, and Sundries.

THE CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.—It is rumored that a commission, to enquire into the duties on spirits, is about to be appointed by the Government to enquire into the working of the Customs Department.

HONORARY TOWN SHINGLES, Palings, and Buves.—Timber merchants, builders



In a paper on this subject, by Dr. Milligan, he marks :—"The day is not far distant when, accord-

## CHURCHMEN AND NONCONFORMISTS

### DEPARTMENT OF SUNDRY COMMODITIES

Mr. Hall explained that it was not to be an occasion for speech-making, but only for friendly greetings. As soon as dinner, the first sentiment being one which would have been in Queen's, and the second as early a breakfast they could not omit this expression of loyalty to her Majesty, who had no more than a few subjects than to be found in the members of the Congregational churches of this country.

(Cheers.) Fervent prayers for the Queen were offered by the Rev. Mr. Hall, and the members of the churches, though few of them used a liturgy, and many of them were bound by any ecclesiastical regulations.

(Cheers.)

The company rose and sang a verse of the National Anthem with great heartiness.

Mr. Hall next declared Congregationalists to be the

the name of the Church of England, their sense of obligation. (Cheers.) There were names in the annals of Nonconformity of which the National Church is

of Nonconformity of which the National Church, i

tures which had rendered the name of Barry Chapman dear throughout the United States, as it was in that struggle, at the very first outbreak of the civil war, he had been the darkest hour, when the Trent difficulties threatened throughout the war, sentiments had been uttered throughout the war, sentiments had been uttered throughout the war, sentiments those who were struggling for union and emancipation. He said he should wish for the loan of Mr. H. to send him to the United States for a period of six months, and would give security for his safe return.

Mr. Samuel Morley, who was received with great enthusiasm, the company rising, said that although he had lost his seat in Parliament, he was glad he had retained his confidence nor his own honour. He ended with great force on the attention of all Democrats.

belonged to proceed from King William's Town, the great garrison of British Kaffraria, to Graaff Reinet, a town 255 miles distant, which had been unaccounted by

town 255 miles distant, which had been unoccupied by

Wellington) a pleasant ride in the cool morning air, a halt at midday, when we had a jolly picnic port of feed, while the men made fires and cooked their provisions, and seemed to enjoy themselves like a lot of schoolboys let loose; after which we rode on to the "Chocoma" for a short rest, where the Missions bushes utter a "chocoma" sound, which is the reason of the place's name. When the horses were groomed, "Halo" and saddle-sounded, and we were off again, and marched until we arrived at the next water; then we pitched tent, picketed the horses, mounted the guard, and had the day's work over. "By my Halaidme," said the sergeant, "I don't think I shall ever have a sweeter dinner as I did those stew, deliciously and cheerfully made by the major's servant, which we devoured in a tent. Affectionately termed the mess-tent, it diameter about six feet, the stew being washed

It has taken me some time to arrive at the pith of the subject, so to quote the heading to this sketch:

subject, or, to quote the heading to this sketch, sn

fect nutrition and fatty degeneration. Such liability to fracture is especially notable in old age, as has long been observed during pregnancy. Fractures are termed simple when the bone is broken in one place, single when the bone is fractured in one place, but the ends protrude through the torn skin; simple, when only one fracture occurs; comminuted, when a bone is broken in several parts. Fractures are distinguished by some or all of the following:—1st. The bone is displaced; weight or pressure is upon it, and the ends still farther apart. 2d. The bone is displaced, but without displacement; in the case of the long bones the extremities, if each fracture is oblique, and the ends pass each other, the limb is shortened. The fractured part has partially or entirely lost powers of voluntary movement, but by external

the ground with the hoe it is of great service to the growth of the plants; having for this purpose a hand hoe about two inches broad, or in lieu of

hand hoe about two inches broad, or in lieu of cant

used a good size, liquid manure may be bene-  
ficial, used previously to watering the onions; in  
the case of peapods, however, be careful not to let  
it touch the bulb; on the contrary, pour it be-  
tween the rows with a small watering pot without a  
Nozzle. Occasionally, as the bed becomes somewhat  
dry, sprinkle the surface from watering, slightly stir  
the soil with a small fork or hand-hoe; continue  
to water and apply liquid manure until the crop  
when it should be harvested. This is a good  
time to grow onions for sale, as they get a large  
size.

—

By CENTER STEPHENS and THE AMERICAN  
FARMER.—Writing to the *Times* on the 18th of May,  
Philadelphia correspondent of that journal says:—

it over he forgot that others could hear  
himself, and I have often seen a signifi-  
cant and suppressed titter among those who

and a suppressed titter among those who

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**FAMILY SEWING-MACHINE.**  
We guarantee we can offer to the public is that  
the last ten years there have been sold over 1500  
of Gbbs' machines in the Australasian colonies,  
by yearly increase; and we find in every instance  
it has given entire satisfaction to the parties who  
use them. The machine will sew on **THICK, THER,**  
**RAID, TUCK, and QUILT;** and WITHOUT  
PRESSURE OF TENSION will sew from ONE  
SIZES of the finest cambric to THIRTY-TWO  
SIZES of shirting. In case of accident, there  
of this machine but what can be replaced by the  
d.  
**MR. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 432, George-**  
Royal Hotel, and 292, Pitt-street, corner of

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Royal Hotel, and 292, Pitt-street, corner of  
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